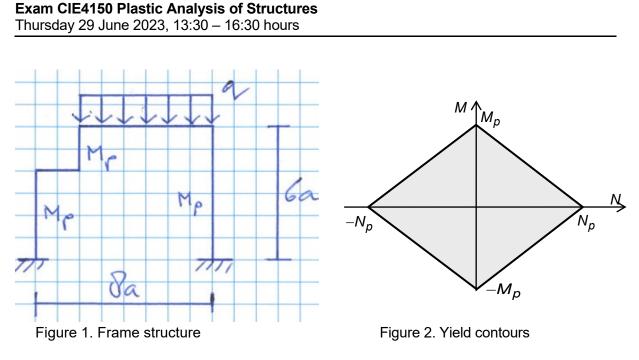
#### Delft University of Technology

Faculty of Civil Engineering and Geosciences Structural Mechanics Section Write your <u>name</u> and <u>study number</u> at the top of your work.



#### Problem 1

A frame consists of five members (Fig.1). All members have a strength  $M_p$ . The members are rigidly connected. The supports are fixed. The structure is loaded by an evenly distributed line load q. The relation of Figure 2 exists between the plastic moments and the plastic normal forces.

$$N_p = \beta \frac{M_p}{a}$$

The influence of shear on the yield contour is neglected. Buckling and second order effects are not considered.

- **a** Assume  $\beta \rightarrow \infty$ . Determine the collapse load *q* for all possible mechanisms. Write the collapse loads as functions of  $M_p$  and *a*. What is the decisive collapse load? (1.5 point)
- **b** Assume  $\beta \rightarrow \infty$ . Draw the bending moment diagram and normal force diagram for the structure at the moment of collapse. (1.5 points)
- **c** Assume  $\beta$  = 5. Choose one of the following problems (You need not do both).

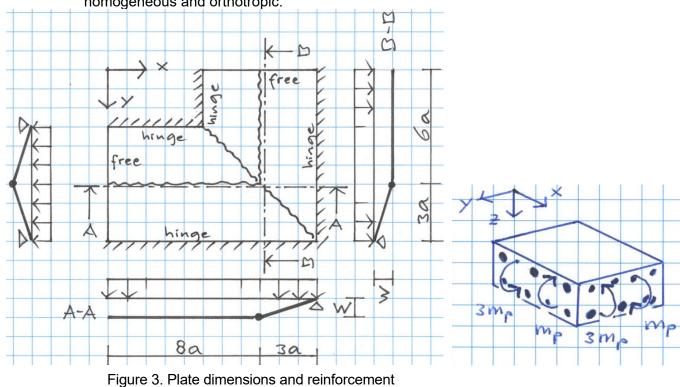
– Determine the largest <u>lower-bound</u> for *q*.

– Determine the smallest <u>upper-bound</u> for *q*.

You only need to write down the equations and not solve the equations (1.5 points).

#### Problem 2

A reinforced concrete plate has simply supported edges and free edges (Fig. 3). It carries an evenly distributed load p [ kN/m<sup>2</sup>]. There is no other load on the plate. The plate is homogeneous and orthotropic.



**a** Consider the yield line patterns of Figure 4. Which of these patterns give kinematically possible mechanisms? (1 point)

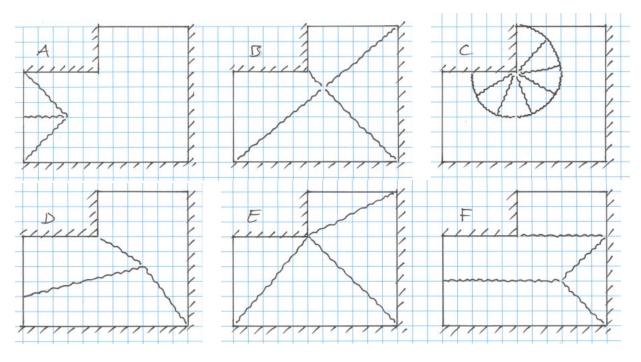


Figure 4. Yield line patterns of problem 2a

- **b** Consider the yield line pattern of Figure 3. Determine an <u>upper-bound</u> for *p* expressed in  $m_p$  and *a* (1.5 point).
- **c** Determine the largest <u>lower-bound</u> for *p* using torsion free beams ( $m_{xy} = 0$ ). You need only to write down the equations and not solve the equations. (1.5 point)

#### Problem 3

- A statically indeterminate ductile structure is partially heated by direct solar radiation. Do we include temperature as a load case for the ultimate limit state? Choose A, B, C or D. (0.5 point)
  - A No; expansions joints absorb the temperature strains.
  - B No; temperature strains do not change the collapse load.
  - C Yes; a temperature gradient may increase the moments.
  - D Yes; the increased temperature reduces the compressive strength.
- **b** A frame structure is statically indeterminate to the 5<sup>th</sup> degree. It has 13 locations of possible plastic hinges. An upperbound analysis is performed. How many mechanisms can occur? Choose A, B, C or D. (0.5 point)
  - A 6
  - B 13
  - C 17
  - D 1716
- **c** The lowerbound requirements are ... Choose A, B, C or D. (0.5 point)
  - A ductility, equilibrium, M < Mp
  - B equilibrium, M < Mp, normality
  - C M < Mp, normality, ductility
  - D normality, ductility, equilibrium

### Answer to problem 1a

# Answer to problem 1b

### Answer to problem 1c

Upper-bound

Lower-bound

#### Answer to problem 2a

A, F

3 or less correct	.0.0 point
4 correct	0.3 point
5 correct	0.7 point
6 correct	.1.0 point

# Answer to problem 2b

### Answer to problem 2c

# Answer to problem 3

a B b D

c A

